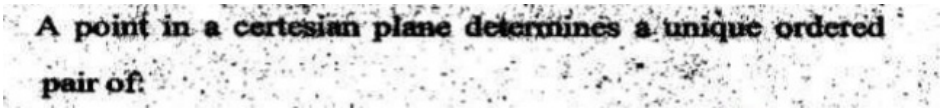
# Introduction Of Coordinate Geometry

| Sr | Questions | Answers Choice |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | In a plane is every ordered pair in assciated | A. A unique polite<br>B. Zero<br>C. Two pointer<br>D. Four pointer |
| 2 | Point the negative x-axis have negativer | A. abcissa<br>B. ordinate<br>C. Value<br>D. Fraction |
| 3 | Point on the axis do not lie in any. | A. A plane<br>B. Line<br>C. quadrant<br>D. circle |
| 4 |  | A. abscissa<br>B. Set<br>C. Numbers<br>D. Ordinate |
| 5 | Question Image | A. Distance formula<br>B. Colliear point<br>C. Non Colliear point<br>D. Equal point |
| 6 | A point in the first quandrant Charactrized by the fact that both its co-ordinate are | A. Zero<br>B. Positive<br>C. Negative<br>D. Both Positive and Negative |
| 7 | Point line on the same line called. | A. Non -Collinear<br>B. Collinear<br>C. Equal<br>D. Overlapping |
| 8 | The quardrant is the circle is called. | A. 0<br>B. (1,0)<br>C. (0,0)<br>D. (0,1) |
| 9 | A point 4 quadrant has in ordinate | A. Positive<br>B. Negative<br>C. Zero<br>D. One |
| 10 | Point which do not on the same straight line is called. | A. Non collinear<br>B. Collinear<br>C. Equal<br>D. Overlopping |