Commercial Geography Icom Part 2 English Medium Chapter 29 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	Which country of the world have lowest percentage of labour force in agriculture sector ?	A. United States of America B. Russian Federation C. United Kingdom D. Japan
2	In 2000, population of low income countries was:	A. 3,450 million B. 5,000million C. 4,500million D. 3,200million
3	World's 20 percent labour force is engaged in:	A. Agriculture sector B. Fishing C. Trade D. Industrial sector
4	Population of high income countries of the world is:	A. 900countries B. 1,000countries C. 8,0000countries D. 1,254countries
5	World's annual increase / ratio in labour force is:	A. 1.0 percent B. 2.0 percent C. 5.0 percent D. 1.6 percent
6	Which country has highest labour force ratio engaged in tertiary economic activity ?	A. United States of America B. Russian Federation C. United Kingdom D. Japan
7	Population of the world, up to June 2002 was:	A. 5.5 billion B. 6 billion C. 6.5 billion D. 6.215 billion
8	Before industrial revolution in the all countries of the world, major part of labour force was:	A. Engaged in primary economic activity B. Engaged in secondary economic activity C. Engaged in tertiary economic activity D. Engaged in quaternary economic activity
9	In quinary economic activity, ratio of manpower of:	A. Very huge B. Huge C. Enough D. Very very small
10	In the world, ratio of women in labour force is:	A. 50 percent B. 60 percent C. 40 percent D. 45 percent
11	Herding, fishing, mining and agriculture is man's:	A. Secondary economic activity B. Primary economic activity C. Tertiary economic activity D. Quaternary economic activity
12	Ratio of labour force in agriculture sector in United Kingdom is:	A. 10 percent B. 5 percent C. 1.0 percent D. 20 percent
13	World's how many countries are in low income group ?	A. 100 countries B. 49 countries C. 70countries D. 30countries
14	With the beginning of industrial revolution:	A. Economic activity became fast B. Development in means of communication took place C. Trade activity became fast D. Manpower demand increased

15	According to 2000 statistics, labour force of the world was:	A. 3,802 million B. 5,105 million C. 4,615 million D. 6,215 million
16	In the primitive age, man had to collect food for filling his belly:	A. From forest B. By hunting C. From fishing D. From agriculture
17	In quinary economic activity, ratio of manpower is:	A. Very huge B. Huge C. Enough D. Very very small
18	In industrial developed countries, ratio of labour force engaged in primary economic activity:	A. is very small B. Is very high C. Is increasing D. Is high
19	In backward countries, ratio of labour force engaged in agriculture is:	A. Up to 80 percent B. Very high C. 30 percent D. Very small
20	Primitive period of man on the earth is called:	A. Stone age B. Iron age C. Metals age D. Industrial age