ICS Part 2 Computer Science Chapter 10 Online Test

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	In an E-R diagram a rectangle represents	A. Entity B. Arttibute C. Record D. None of them
2	The general form of format specifier for floating point value:	A. %m.nf B. m.n% C. m%.nf D. m.n%f
3	The format specifier for output are:	A. %d for int and %f for float B. %c for char C. %s for string D. All
4	The escape sequence for backslash is:	A. \ B. \b C. \ \ D. \t
5	%f is used for:	A. Double B. Float C. Integer D. Short
6	The statement printf ("%10d",n) will display the value of n:	A. Right justified in ten-character space B. Left justified in ten-character space C. Center-justified in ten-character space D. None of these
7	Which escape sequence can be used to insert a tab in c:	A. \a B. \b C. \t D. \n
8	Organizing the database in computer disk storage is done in	A. Logical design B. Physical design C. Analysis D. Implementation
9	Which of the following format specifiers is used for float data type?	A. %s B. %c C. %d D. %f
10	Which of the following is used to define objects and describe their characteristics	A. Attributes B. Relationship C. Both a & b D. None of them
11	getch() stands for:	A. Go character B. Get character C. Give character D. All
12	An advantages of partitioning is	A. Efficiency B. Extra space and update time C. Both a & b D. None of them
13	Format specifier is started with symbol:	A. ? B. % C. & D. *
14	The format specifier % d is used for	A. Int B. Unsigned short C. Unsigned float D. Unsigned long int
		A. Actual value

15	As ampersand before the name of a variable denotes:	B. Variable name C. Address D. Data type
16	Which escape sequence is used to erase a character left to the cursor position?	A. \b B. \del C. \f D. \c
17	The number of variables that can be used in printf ( ) function are	A. One B. Many C. Three D. Zero
18	How many variables can be used in one printf function?	A. One B. Two C. Many D. Ten
19	Which of the following format specifiers is used for string?	A. %s B. %c C. %d D. %f
20	Which escape sequence can move the cursor at the beginning of current line	A. \a B. \b C. \t D. \n