PPSC Economics Topic 12 Statistics In Economics

Sr	Questions	Answers Choice
1	The very word statistics refers to.	A. State craft B. Science of state C. Political state D. Political craft
2	The most frequently occurring score in distribution.	A. Mean B. Mode C. Median D. Quartile
3	What does statistics of distribution indicates.	A. Consumer preference B. Strength of the desire of people C. Wealth of nation D. Economics conditions of people
4	Chose the advantage of snowball sampling from the following.	A. population of not seen B. Total size of population is not known C. researcher's acquaintance influence the research D. Contradicts with conventional nations.
5	Who own the random number table which comprising of 15,000 digits arranged in twos.	A. Kendall and B,B. Smith B. L.H.C. Tippet C. British Census report D. Fisher and Yates
6	Which of the following index numbers is an important statistical concept in economic theory.	A. Per capita income B. Cost of living C. Gross National product D. Maximum Retail price
7	Which among the following is the sensible theory of sampling.	A. Induction B. Inertia C. Regularity D. None of the above
8	What the process of summarizing raw data and displaying them on compact statistical table for further analysis.	A. Statistical analysis B. Data processing C. Tabulation D. Table construction
9	A single value that represent the average characteristics of its frequency distribution.	A. Quartiles B. Grouped data C. Central tendency D. range
10	i- statistical laws are not exact ii- statistics reveals the entire story choose the correct from the following.	A. Both the statements are correct B. Only the first statement is correct C. Only the second statement is correct D. Both the statements are wrong.
11	Who stated statistics as 'aggregate of knowledge brought together for practical ends.	A. W.I. King B. A.L Bowley C. Prof. H secrist D. None of the above
12	To basic objective of sampling study is.	A. To draw inference B. To check units of population C. To collect numerical data D. To make census
13	Quota sampling is the combination of.	A. Purposive and stratified sampling B. Purposive and deliberate sampling C. Purpose and systematic sampling D. stratified and systematic sampling
14	Which among the following is not a merit of the census method.	A. Results are representative B. Information on rare events C. Result are reliable D. In appropriate method for enumeration

15	The mathematical theory of probability has helped to form the.	A. Statistical theory B. Law of inertia of large numbers C. Law of statistical Relativity D. Law of statistical Regularity
16	Which of the following statements is true about hypothesis.	A. It is an assumption about population value B. There are different types of hypothesis C. Hypothesis testing is a function of inferential statistics D. All of the above
17	Which among the following is a material for statics.	A. Honesty B. Poverty C. Wisdom D. Numerical data
18	What does Social Researchers seek out of vast and confusing variety of individual characters.	A. Generalizations B. Decisions C. Single events D. group characteristics
19	Gender is categorized as	A. Nominal data B. Ordinal data C. Interval data D. Ratio data
20	Sum of squares of the deviations about mean is.	A. Maximum B. Minimum C. zero D. one